OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2019

Board Members:

Dave Osmotherly – President Vince Logue Dennis Quivey Jennifer Her Many Horses Lance Tlusto

Superintendent:

Dr. Mitchell Stone

Business Manager:

Valerie Sword

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the School Board Oelrichs School District No. 23-3 Oelrichs, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oelrichs School District No. 23-3, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Oelrichs School District No 23-3's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Oelrichs School District No. 23-3's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Oelrichs School District No. 23-3's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oelrichs School District No. 23-3's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonably possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less sever that a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charges with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies; therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We consider the deficiency 2019-001 in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be a material weakness.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Oelrichs School District No. 23-3's financial statements are free from material misstatements, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did not disclose instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District's Response to Findings

The School District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Oelrichs School District's No 23-3's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Oelrichs School District No 23-3's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, as required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

CLO Prof

Chamberlain, South Dakota October 28, 2019



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the School Board Oelrichs School District No. 23-3 Oelrichs, South Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Oelrichs School District No. 23-3's, South Dakota compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Oelrichs School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Oelrichs School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Oelrichs School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Oelrichs School District's compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Oelrichs School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Oelrichs School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Oelrichs School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control* over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance; such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes. However, as required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

CIO HA LAC

Chamberlain, South Dakota October 28, 2019

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results	
Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness identified:	Yes
Significant deficiencies identified not	
considered to be material weaknesses:	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
<u>Federal Awards</u>	
Internal control over major program:	
Material weakness identified:	No
Significant deficiencies identified not	
considered to be material weaknesses:	No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major program:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516:	No
Identification of major program:	
Name of Federal Program	<u>CFDA Number</u>
Impact Aid:	84.041
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualifed as low-risk auditee?	No

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

Section II - Financial Statement Findings <u>Finding 2019-001</u> Material Weakness

Internal Control over Year-End Closing Process Including Preparation of the Financial Statements

<u>Criteria</u>: The School District's internal control structure should be designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements, footnotes, and the SEFA in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Condition</u>: Oelrichs School District 23-3 requested the external auditors to assist in the preparation of the financial statements, related footnotes, and the SEFA for the year ended June 30, 2019.

<u>Cause</u>: The limited size of the School District's staff and resources cause the inability to prepare the financial statements, footnotes, and the schedule of federal awards.

Effect: This condition may affect the School District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

<u>Repeat Finding from Prior Year(s)</u>: Yes

<u>Recommendation</u>: This circumstance is not unusual in an organization of this size. It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations. Also, a thorough review of the transactions in each fund should take place prior to the beginning of the audit, to ensure generally accepted accounting principles have been followed for each fund type, especially for transaction types infrequent in occurence.

Views of Responsible Officials : Management agrees with the finding and recommendation.

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prior Audit Findings

Finding No. 2018-001 – Preparation of Financial Statements, and Footnotes

Material Weakness in Internal Control

Initial Fiscal Year Finding Occurred: 2018

Finding Summary: ELO Prof LLC prepared our draft financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and SEFA. These included significant journal entries, including restatements of beginning balances.

Status: Ongoing. Due to cost considerations, we will continue to have ELO Prof LLC prepare our draft financial statements and notes to the financial statements. Moving forward, we will be drafting the SEFA. We have designated a member of management to review the drafted financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Finding No. 2018-002 – Lack of Segregation of Duties

Material Weakness in Internal Control

Initial Fiscal Year Finding Occurred: 2018

Finding Summary: The School District does not have adequate internal accounting controls in revenue, expenditures, and payroll functions because of a lack of segregation of duties.

Status: Corrected. We examined and modified our internal control procedures to improve segregation of duties.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (UNAUDITED)

Oelrichs School District respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm: ELO Prof LLC PO Box 249 Mitchell, SD 57302

Finding 2019-001

Material Weakness Internal Control over Year-End Closing Process Including Preparation of the Financial Statements

Initial Fiscal Year Finding Occurred :	2018
<u>Finding Summary</u> :	ELO Prof LLC prepared our draft financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and SEFA.
<u>Responsible Individual</u> :	Valerie Sword, Business Manager
<u>Corrective Action Plan:</u>	It is not cost effective to have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements and notes to the financial statements. We requested that our auditors, ELO Prof LLC, prepare the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and SEFA as a part of their annual audit. Moving forward, we will be preparing our own SEFA. We have designated a member of management to review the drafted financial statements and accompanying notes.

Anticipated Completion Date:

If there are any questions regarding this plan, please contact Valerie Sword at (605) 535-2361. Sincerely,

Ongoing

Dr. Mitchell Stone, Superintendent Oelrichs School District No 23-3



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Oelrichs School District No. 23-3 Oelrichs, South Dakota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oelrichs School District No. 23-3 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oelrichs School District No 23-3 as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (SDRS), and Schedule of District's Contributions (SDRS) on Pages 39-45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express and opinion or provide any assurance.

The District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which as required Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) listed in the Table of Contents are (is) presented for purposes of additional analysis and are (is) not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2019, on our consideration of the Oelrichs School District 23-3's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Oelrichs School District 23-3's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ELO hay LAC

Chamberlain, South Dakota October 28, 2019

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENT-WIDE JUNE 30, 2019

	Primary G		
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,158,676	\$ 4,394	\$ 6,163,070
Taxes receivable	194,729		194,729
Inventories		2,154	2,154
Other assets	177,377		177,377
Net pension asset	1,196	47	1,243
Capital assets:			
Land	123,500		123,500
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	885,103	16,117	901,220
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	1,008,603	16,117	1,024,720
TOTAL ASSETS	7,540,581	22,712	7,563,293
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Pension-related deferred outflows	465,574	18,403	483,977
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	465,574	18,403	483,977
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
OF RESOURCES	\$ 8,006,155	\$ 41,115	\$ 8,047,270
LIABILITIES:			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Property taxes levied for future periods	192,155		192,155
Pension-related deferred inflows	128,896	5,095	133,991
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	321,051	5,095	326,146
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets	1,008,603	16,117	1,024,720
Restricted for:			
Capital outlay	587,133		587,133
Special education	25,761		25,761
SDRS pension purposes	337,874	13,355	351,229
Unrestricted	5,725,733	6,548	5,732,281
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 7,685,104	\$ 36,020	\$ 7,721,124

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – GOVERNMENT-WIDE JUNE 30, 2019

				Progran	Revenues			Net (Expenses) Changes in Primary G	Net Position	n		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions			Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
<i>Governmental Activities:</i> Instruction Support Services Cocurricular Activities	\$	1,373,228 1,264,670 83,429	\$	 3,780	\$	389,682 26,218 	\$	(983,546) (1,238,452) (79,649)	\$	 	\$	(983,546) (1,238,452) (79,649)
Total Governmental Activities		2,721,327		3,780		415,900		(2,301,647)				(2,301,647)
Business-Type Activities Food Service		127,522		7,401		96,059				(24,062)		(24,062)
Total Primary Government	\$	2,848,849	\$	11,181	\$	511,959		(2,301,647)		(24,062)		(2,325,709)
			General	Revenues: Taxes: Property Gross R	y Taxes eccipts Tax	es		412,595 25,083				412,595 25,083
				Revenue fro State Ai Other	m State So d	arces:		949,506 335				949,506 335
				Revenue fro Unrestricted Other Gener Compensati Transfers	Investmen al Revenue	t Earnings es		1,649,689 38,567 17,036 66,350 (5,000)		 5,000		1,649,689 38,567 17,036 66,350
					General Re	venues and Gain	ı	3,154,161		5,000		3,159,161
				(Change in N	let Position		852,514		(19,062)		833,452
				Ι	ET POSIT	ION - Beginning	3	6,832,590		55,082		6,887,672
					NET POS	SITION - Ending	<u>s</u>	7,685,104	\$	36,020	\$	7,721,124

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	General	Capital Outlay	Special lucation	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,564,761	\$ 586,973	\$ 6,942	\$	6,158,676
Captial credits receivable	67,130				67,130
Taxes receivable, current	63,628	80,784	47,743		192,155
Taxes receivable, delinquent	1,836	479	259		2,574
Due from other governments	 91,268	 160	 18,819		110,247
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,788,623	\$ 668,396	\$ 73,763	\$	6,530,782
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
AND FUND BALANCES:					
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Property taxes levied for future periods	63,628	80,784	47,743		192,155
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	1,836	479	259		2,574
Capital credits redeemable in future period	67,130				67,130
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 132,594	 81,263	 48,002		261,859
Fund Balances:					
Restricted:					
Capital outlay		587,133			587,133
Special education			25,761		25,761
Unassigned	5,656,029				5,656,029
Total Fund Balances	 5,656,029	 587,133	 25,761		6,268,923
Total Fund Balances	 5,656,029	 587,133	 25,761		6,268,923
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 5,788,623	\$ 668,396	\$ 73,763	\$	6,530,782

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 6,268,923
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of net position are different because:	
Net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not	
an available financial resource and therefore is not reported in	
the funds.	1,196
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in	
the governmental funds.	1,008,603
Pension related deferred outflows are components of	
pension asset and changes are not reported in the funds.	465,574
Assets, including property taxes receivable and other	
receivables that are not available to pay for current period	
expenditures, are deferred in the governmental funds.	69,704
Net pension asset reported in the governmental activities	
is not an available financial resource and therefore is	
not reported in the funds.	 (128,896)

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Net Position - Governmental Activities

7,685,104

\$

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

REVENUES Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes: Ad valorem taxes Prior years ad valorem taxes Utility taxes Penalties and interest on taxes Earnings on investments and deposits Cocurricular Activities: Admissions Other student activity income Other local revenue: Rentals Contributions and donations Refund of prior year expenditures Other Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	135,587 1,203 25,083 571 38,567	\$	\$ 100,063 788 	\$ 405,690
Taxes:Ad valorem taxesPrior years ad valorem taxesUtility taxesPenalties and interest on taxesEarnings on investments and depositsCocurricular Activities:AdmissionsOther student activity incomeOther local revenue:RentalsContributions and donationsRefund of prior year expendituresOtherOtherRevenue from Intermediate Sources:	1,203 25,083 571	1,717	788	\$ 405,690
Ad valorem taxes \$ Prior years ad valorem taxes Utility taxes Utility taxes Penalties and interest on taxes Earnings on investments and deposits Cocurricular Activities: Admissions Other student activity income Other local revenue: Rentals Contributions and donations Refund of prior year expenditures Other Other Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	1,203 25,083 571	1,717	788	\$ 405,690
Prior years ad valorem taxes Utility taxes Penalties and interest on taxes Earnings on investments and deposits Cocurricular Activities: Admissions Other student activity income Other local revenue: Rentals Contributions and donations Refund of prior year expenditures Other Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	1,203 25,083 571	1,717	788	\$ 405,690
Utility taxes Penalties and interest on taxes Earnings on investments and deposits Cocurricular Activities: Admissions Other student activity income Other student activity income Other local revenue: Rentals Contributions and donations Refund of prior year expenditures Other Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	25,083 571			
Penalties and interest on taxes Earnings on investments and deposits Cocurricular Activities: Admissions Other student activity income Other local revenue: Rentals Contributions and donations Refund of prior year expenditures Other Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	571	 536		3,708
Earnings on investments and deposits Cocurricular Activities: Admissions Other student activity income Other local revenue: Rentals Contributions and donations Refund of prior year expenditures Other Revenue from Intermediate Sources:		536		25,083
Cocurricular Activities: Admissions Other student activity income Other local revenue: Rentals Contributions and donations Refund of prior year expenditures Other Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	38,567		293	1,400
Admissions Other student activity income <i>Other local revenue:</i> Rentals Contributions and donations Refund of prior year expenditures Other <i>Revenue from Intermediate Sources:</i>				38,567
Other student activity income Other local revenue: Rentals Contributions and donations Refund of prior year expenditures Other Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
Other local revenue: Rentals Contributions and donations Refund of prior year expenditures Other Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	3,747			3,747
Rentals Contributions and donations Refund of prior year expenditures Other <i>Revenue from Intermediate Sources:</i>	33			33
Contributions and donations Refund of prior year expenditures Other <i>Revenue from Intermediate Sources:</i>				
Refund of prior year expenditures Other <i>Revenue from Intermediate Sources:</i>	8,965			8,965
Other Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	157			157
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	3,138			3,138
	607			607
County Sources	4,169			4,169
Revenue from State Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	928,309		20,291	948,600
Restricted grants-in-aid	906			906
Other state revenue	335			335
Revenue from Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	1,604,464	14,349	30,876	1,649,689
Restricted grants-in-aid	356,267		33,415	389,682
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	26,218			 26,218
TOTAL REVENUES	3,138,326	186,642	185,726	 3,510,694

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

EXPENDITURES		General		Capital Outlay		Special lucation	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Instructional Services:								
Regular Programs:								
Elementary	\$	287,301	\$	3,458	\$		\$	290,759
Middle/junior high	Ŷ	266,052	4	3,240	4		φ	269,292
High school		331,451		24,568				356,019
Special Programs:		,		,				,
Culturally different		24,284						24,284
Educationally deprived		199,780						199,780
Programs for special education						172,824		172,824
Support Services:								
Pupils:								
Guidance		11,390						11,390
Health		616						616
Psychological						11,209		11,209
Speech pathology						44,132		44,132
Student therapy services						19,204		19,204
Instructional Staff:								
Improvement of instruction		113,534						113,534
Educational media		45,888		979				46,867
General Administration:								
Board of education		68,754						68,754
Executive administration		163,508						163,508
School Administration:								
Office of the principal		101,046						101,046
Title I program administration		3,000						3,000
Business:								
Fiscal services		138,130						138,130
Operation and maintenance of plant		250,660		65,951				316,611
Pupil transportation		108,408						108,408
Internal services				8,893				8,893
Food services Central:		7,785						7,785
Staff services		524						524
Cocurricular Activities:		524						524
Male activities		20,509		3.841				24,350
Female activities		20,509		3,841 3,841				24,350 35,771
Combined activities		17,157		3,041				17,157
Transportation		2,417						2,417
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,194,124		114,771		247,369		2,556,264
TOTAL DAT DADITORES		2,174,124		114,771		247,507		2,330,204
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		944,202		71,871		(61,643)		954,430
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Interfund transfer (out)		(80,000)				75,000		(5,000)
Compensation for loss of general capital assets				66,350				66,350
Sale of surplus property		20						20
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		(79,980)		66,350		75,000		61,370
Net Change in Fund Balances		864,222		138,221		13,357		1,015,800
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	_	4,791,807	_	448,912	_	12,404	_	5,253,123
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	5,656,029	\$	587,133	\$	25,761	\$	6,268,923
, ,		, , ,	-	,	-	, ·		, , , -

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,015,800
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
This amount represents the current year depreciation expense reported in the statement of activiteis which is not reported on the fund financials statements because it does not require the use of current	
financial resources.	(57,893)
In the statement of activities, gains \$0 and losses (\$2,529) on disposal of capital assets are reported, whereas, in the governemental funds, the proceeds \$20 from the disposal of capital assets is reflected, regardless of whether a gain or loss is realized. (+gain, -losses, - proceeds = amount)	(2,549)
The recognition of revenues in the governmental funds differ from the recognition in the governmental activities in the fact that revenue accruals in the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available."	1,797
Governmental funds do not reflect the change in compensated absences liabilities but the Statement of Activities reflects the change in these accruals through expenses.	4,397
Pension revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	 (109,038)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 852,514

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Food Service Fund	
ASSETS:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,394
Inventory		2,154
Total Current Assets		6,548
Noncurrent Assets:		
Machinery and equipment - local funds		40,885
Less accumulated depreciation		(24,768)
Total Noncurrent Assets		16,117
Restricted Assets:		
Net pension asset		47
TOTAL ASSETS		22,712
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension-related deferred outflows of resources		18,403
LIABILITIES:		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension-related deferred inflows of resources		5,095
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets		16,117
Restricted net pension		13,355
Unrestricted		6,548
Total Net Position	\$	36,020

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Food		
	S	ervice	
	Fund		
OPERATING REVENUE:			
	¢	05	
Sales to Pupils Sales to Adults	\$	85 4,914	
Other		4,914 2,402	
Total Operating Revenue		7,402	
Food Service:			
Personnel		67,955	
Cost of Sales		51,941	
Depreciation		2,609	
Miscellaneous		623	
Supplies		4,394	
Total Operating Expenses		127,522	
Operating (Loss)		(120,121)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES:			
State Sources:			
Cash reimbursements		340	
Federal Sources:			
Capital grants		5,584	
Cash reimbursements		83,750	
Donated food		6,385	
Total Nonoperating Revenue		96,059	
Income Before Transfers		(24,062)	
Transfers In		5,000	
Change in Net Position		(19,062)	
NET POSITION - Beginning		55,082	
NET POSITION - Ending	\$	36,020	

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Food Service	
		Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from Customers	\$	7,775
Payments to Employees		(67,487)
Payments to Suppliers		(52,217)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities		(111,929)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Subsidies		89,674
Transfers from other funds		5,000
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		94,674
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of capital assets		(5,985)
Net Cash (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(5,985)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(23,240)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year		27,634
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	\$	4,394
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(23,240)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH		
(USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating (Loss)	\$	(120,121)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to		
net cash (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation Expense		2,609
Cost of Sales - Donated Food		6,385
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Receivables		374
Accounts payable		(151)
Inventory		(1,493)
Pension change NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	468 (111,929)
	Ψ	(,)=>)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Value of commodities received	\$	6,385

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Agency Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,714
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	14,714
<i>LIABILITIES</i> Amounts held for others	¢	14 714
Amounts neid for others	<u> </u>	<u>14,714</u> 14,714

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. <u>Reporting Entity</u>:

The reporting entity of Oelrichs School District No. 23-3 (the District), consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is a public education agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of South Dakota. It is governed by a five-member Board of Trustees (the Board) elected by registered voters of the District. The Board has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has accountability for fiscal matters. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other School Districts. See Note 10 – Joint Venture for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit but are discussed in the notes because of the nature of their relationship with the District.

b. <u>Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources in a net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net Positions are displayed in three components, as applicable: net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

b. <u>Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>: (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements: (continued)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

c. Fund Types and Major Funds:

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is a primary operating fund of the District or if it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

c. Fund Types and Major Funds: (continued)

The funds of the District are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the District, excluding Capital Outlay Fund and Special Education Fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District's special revenue funds are as follows:

Capital Outlay Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisitions of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes and is a major fund.

Special Education Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the district. This fund is financed primarily by property taxes and state and federal grants. This is a major fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

c. <u>Fund Types and Major Funds</u>: (continued)

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Fund Types – Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that (a) are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the focus of the governing body is the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis whether financed or recovered through user charges or grants; or (b) where the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District's enterprise fund is as follows:

Food Service Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary Funds are never considered to be major funds.

Agency Fund Types – Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature, they do not involve the measurement of the results of operations. The district maintains a variety of agency funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, and so on.

d. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

d. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u>: (continued)

Basis of Accounting:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests), and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The District considers significant revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end.

Receivables, such as taxes receivable and grants receivable, may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Reported deferred inflows of resources are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

Expenditures are generally recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

e. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements the District has charged certain "centralized expenses", including an administrative overhead component, as direct expenses to programs in order to show all expenses that are associated with a service, program or department. This process minimizes the doubling-up effect on internal service fund activity.

f. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The District pools its cash resources for depositing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise funds have access to their cash resources on demand. All reported enterprise fund deposit balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

g. Inventory:

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out for enterprise fund inventories and average cost for governmental fund inventories.

Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at the date of receipt.

Inventory in the governmental funds and governmental activities consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. In the government-wide financial statements and governmental funds, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed. Inventories reported in the fund financial statement are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. Nonspendable fund balances related to inventory are reported net of the related liability (accounts payable). The governmental funds did not report any inventory balances as of June 30, 2019.

h. <u>Pensions</u>:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

i. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment of capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Interest costs incurred during construction of capital assets are not capitalized.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which individual asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Estimated Useful Life	
Land		All		
Buildings	\$	20,000	50-100 years	
Improvements		10,000	20 years	
Equipment - (Government)		5,000	7-20 years	
Equipment - (Proprietary Funds)		2,000	12 years	

Depreciation expense is calculated using the straight-line and composite methods. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities. Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

j. Long-Term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. The District does not have any long-term liabilities.

Compensated Absences Payable – Compensated absences payable is the annual leave earned by employees. Vacation leave is earned by employees at varying rates depending on years of service. Sick leave is earned by the employees at the rate of one day for each month worked. Unused sick leave may accumulate to a total of 800 hours. Sick leave is only paid out to retirees of the District who have been employees for 12 years at a rate of \$25/day up to 100 days. Accrued leave payable balances are reported in Note 5 as compensated absences. For employees normally paid out of the governmental funds, these amounts are charges as an expenditure at the time of termination or when the benefit becomes payable to the employee.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

k. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

The District reports decreases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of new position. The only deferred outflow of resources reported is a deferred amount arising from the District's pension plan for qualified retirees as discussed in Note 9.

The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This section reflects a decrease in net position that applies to a future period or periods. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected no later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year). The District reports the following as the available period, properties taxes collected within the available period that are intended to finance the next fiscal year, and grants and capital credits receivable not collected within the available period. In the government-wide financial statements, the District reports deferred inflows of resources for the property taxes that are levied for future periods and pension-related deferrals. The District reports only deferred inflows related to pension activity in the proprietary funds and business type activities.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

I. Net Position and Fund Balance:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

It is the District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available. Net position includes the following three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of capital outlay certificates of other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments of (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – Represents all other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classed as fund balance, which is distinguished between the following classifications:

Nonspendable – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Constraints are placed on the use of resources by either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are not restricted. Amounts can be assigned by committees of the School Board or management of the District.

Unassigned – Represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted or assigned.

The District uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use assigned, then unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made. The District does not have a minimum fund balance policy.

Proprietary net positions are classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary net positions (except for Agency Funds, which do not have net position) are reported as net position held in trust for other purposes.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

m. Proprietary Fund Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

n. Program Revenues:

In the Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties' other than the District's taxpayers or citizenry. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

Charges for Services – These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.

Program Revenues – Operating Grants and Contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the use in a particular program.

Program Revenues – Capital Grants and Contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

The District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Statutes impose various restrictions on deposits and investments. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA", or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund of the fund making the investment. The District's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund that generated the income. The District also reports deposits at cost plus interest and credits all income from deposits to the fund that generated the income.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (continued)

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school district funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

Certificates of deposit, with a term to maturity of greater than 3 months when purchased, were insured or collateralized and are considered deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the District's deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to credit risk as all deposits were fully collateralize by pledged securities.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the District, as discussed above. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentrations of Credit Risk – The District places no limit on the amount that may be deposited with any one financial institution or invested with any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

3. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

As of June 30, 2019, amounts due from other governments as reported in the financial statements consisted of the following:

SD Department of Education	\$ 54,874
Fall River County	 36,394
	\$ 91,268

4. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS:

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2018		Increases		Decreases		Balance 6/30/2019	
Governmental Activities:							 	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	123,500	\$		\$		\$ 123,500	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		123,500					 123,500	
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		968,487					968,487	
Improvements		17,775					17,775	
Equipment		564,081				54,926	 509,155	
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,550,343				54,926	 1,495,417	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		308,749		15,334			324,083	
Equipment		287,969		41,459		52,377	277,051	
Improvements		8,080		1,100			 9,180	
Total accumulated depreciation		604,798		57,893		52,377	 610,314	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		945,545		(57,893)		2,549	 885,103	
Net Capital Assets	\$	1,069,045	\$	(57,893)	\$	2,549	\$ 1,008,603	
		Balance 1/1/2018	Iı	ncreases	De	creases	Balance /30/2019	
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Equipment	\$	34,900	\$	5,985	\$		\$ 40,885	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		22,159		2,609			 24,768	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	12,741	\$	3,376	\$		\$ 16,117	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 7,619
Support services	46,540
Co-curricular activities	 3,734
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 57,893

All depreciation expense related to the business-type activities was for the Food Service Fund.

5. LONG TERM LIABILITIES:

A summary of changes in long term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	alance 1/2018	Incre	eases	De	creases	ance /2019	 nt Due 1 Year
Governmental Activities:							
Other Liabilities							
Compensated absences	\$ 4,397	\$		\$	4,397	\$ 	\$
Total Long-term liabilies	\$ 4,397	\$		\$	4,397	\$ 	\$

6. RESTRICTED NET POSITION:

The following table shows the components of restricted net position as presented on the Statement of Net Position:

Purpose	Restricted By	Amount	
Major Purposes:			
Capital Outlay	Law	\$	587,133
Special Education	Law		25,761
Share of Net Pension Liability	Law		351,229
Total		\$	964,123

7. PROPERTY TAX:

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the District's taxes and remits them to the District.

District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred revenue in both the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

The District is permitted by state statute to levy the specified amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation of the property in the school district. State statute allows the General Fund tax rates to be increased by special election of the voters.

8. INDIVIDUAL FUND INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS:

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

Transfer from General Fund to Special Education for operating purposes	\$ 75,000
Transfer from General Fund to Food Service for operating purposes	\$ 5,000

9. PENSION PLAN:

a. <u>Plan Information:</u>

All employees working more than 20 hours per week during the school year participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivors' benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vest after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx or by writing to the SDRS, PO Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

b. <u>Benefits Provided:</u>

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

9. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to the long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - [^] The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be: ^ The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

c. Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017, were \$67,083, \$65,803, and \$57,687, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

d. <u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:</u>

At June 30, 2018, SDRS is 100.02% funded and accordingly has a net pension (asset). The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension (asset) of the South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2018 and reported by the District as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$ 6,521,142
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for pension benefits	 6,522,385
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (1,243)

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a (asset) of (\$1,243) for its proportionate share of the net pension (asset). The net pension (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension (asset) was based on a projection of the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.05330610%, which is a decrease of 0.0060818% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

9. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

d. <u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and</u> <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions: (continued)</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense (reduction of pension expense) of (\$109,506). At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	46,989	\$	
Changes in Assumption		315,632		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments				93,959
Changes in Proportion and Difference Between School				
District Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		54,273		40,032
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		67,083		
TOTAL	\$	483,977	\$	133,991

\$67,083 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	
2020	\$ 179,002
2021	134,292
2022	(16,972)
2023	(13,418)
Thereafter	
TOTAL	\$ 282,903

9. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

e. Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25 percent
Salary Increases	Graded by years of service, from 6.50% at entry to 3.00%
Discount Rate	6.50% net of plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MO-2016, white collar rates for females and total dataset rates for males. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016.

A detailed experience analysis covering the period from June 30, 2011 to June 30, 2016, was conducted and appropriate modifications in the economic and demographic assumptions were made effective with the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of retarn by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.8%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.8%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.7%
Total	100%	

9. PENSION PLAN: (continued)

f. Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

g. <u>Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of net pension (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

			Current Discount		
	1%	Decrease	Rate	1%	6 Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	938,981	\$ (1,243)	\$	(766,065)

h. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

10. JOINT VENTURE:

The District participates in the Black Hills Educational Benefits Cooperative (BHEBC); a cooperative service unit formed for the purpose of providing health insurance services to the member school districts. The relative percentage of participation of each member in BHEBC was not deemed to be a measurable matter.

The members of the BHEBC are Black Hills Special Service Cooperative, New Underwood School District, Wall School District, Custer School District, Oelrichs School District, and Belle Fourche School District.

BHEBC's governing board is composed of two representatives from each member school district. The board is responsible for adopting BHEBC's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget. Members are not liable for claims in excess of BHEBC's assets.

Separate financial statements may be obtained by writing to BHSSC, PO Box 218, Sturgis SD 57785. At June 30, 2018, this joint venture had assets of \$6,356,111, current liabilities of \$363,655, and total fund equity of \$5,992,456.

10. JOINT VENTURE: (continued)

The District participates in the Black Hills Special Services Cooperative (the Co-op), a cooperative service unit formed for the purpose of providing special education and other services to the member school districts. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the district paid \$6,500 for services provided by the Co-op.

The members of the Co-op and their relative percentage participation in the Co-op are as follows:

Belle Fourche School District	8.33%	Hot Springs School District	8.33%
Custer School District	8.33%	Lead/Deadwood School District	8.33%
Douglas School District	8.33%	Meade School District	8.33%
Edgemont School District	8.33%	Oelrichs School District	8.33%
Haakon School District	8.33%	Rapid City School District	8.33%
Hill City School District	8.33%	Spearfish School District	8.33%

The Co-op's governing board is comprised of one representative, a school Board member, from each member school district. The Board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The District retains no equity in the net position of the Co-op but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements may be obtained by writing to BHSSC, PO Box 218, Sturgis SD 57785.

At June 30, 2018, this joint venture had assets of \$6,448,534, deferred inflows of \$6,523,334, liabilities of \$2,558,671, deferred outflows of \$1,145,180 and net position of \$9,268,017.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2019, the District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

As discussed in Note 10, the District joined together with other educational units in the state to form a public entity risk pool. This is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for six-member districts. The District pays a monthly premium to the pool to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. The pool purchases reinsurance coverage with the premiums it receives from the members. The coverage provides a deductible of \$1,500 per person up to \$3,000 per family. The plan also provides for coinsurance of 70 or 80 percent up to \$6,000. The coverage also includes a \$1,000,000 lifetime maximum payment per person.

The District does not carry additional health insurance coverage to pay claims in excess of this upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have never exceeded the liability coverage.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT: (continued)

Liability Insurance:

The District purchases insurance for risks related to torts, theft or damage to property, general liability, and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage for the last three years.

Workers' Compensation:

The District purchases liability insurance for worker's compensation from a commercial carrier.

Unemployment Benefits:

The District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting in claims for unemployment benefits. There were no unemployment claims paid during the year ended June 30, 2019. There are no claims anticipated for the year ended June 30, 2019.

12. CONCENTRATIONS:

The District is dependent upon grant revenues, property taxes and operating revenues from the State of South Dakota for its primary existence.

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts				
<u>REVENUES</u>	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenue from Local Sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 131,000	\$ 136,000	\$ 135,587	\$ (413		
Prior years ad valorem taxes		1,600	1,203	(397		
Utility taxes	28,000	28,000	25,083	(2,917		
Penalties and interest on taxes	600	650	571	(79		
Earnings on investments and deposits			38,567	38,567		
Cocurricular Activities:			,	,		
Admissions	750	4,250	3,747	(503		
Other student activity income		50	33	(17		
Other local revenue:		50		(1)		
Rentals	4,900	9,400	8,965	(435		
Contributions and donations	4,900	120	157	37		
Refund of prior year expenditures		5,000	3,138	(1,862		
Other	2,500	2,500	607	(1,893		
Total revenue from local sources	167,750	187,570	217,658	30,088		
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:						
County Sources	3,100	4,000	4,169	169		
Revenue from State Sources:						
Grants-in-Aid:						
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	899,584	928,609	928,309	(300		
Restricted grants-in-aid		991	906	(85		
Other state revenue	650	650	335	(315		
Total revenue from state sources	900,234	930,250	929,550	(700		
Revenue from Federal Sources:						
Grants-in-Aid:						
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	434,458	823,824	1,604,464	780,640		
Restricted grants-in-aid	414,078	407,185	356,267	(50,918		
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	20,000	20,000	26,218	6,218		
Total revenue from federal sources	868,536	1,251,009	1,986,949	735,940		
TOTAL REVENUES	1,939,620	2,372,829	3,138,326	765,497		

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

	Budgeted Amounts							
						Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	- (Original		Final		Amounts		legative)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	-							
Instructional Services:								
Regular Programs:								
Elementary	\$	264,283	\$	297,003	\$	287,301	\$	9,702
Middle/junior high		209,613		267,548		266,052		1,496
High school		264,924		336,759		331,451		5,308
Special Programs:								
Culturally different		40,996		24,284		24,284		
Educationally deprived		278,948		204,718		199,780		4,938
Support Services: Pupils:								
Guidance		225		20,015		11,390		8,625
Health		750		790		616		174
Instructional Staff:								
Improvement of instruction		79,334		145,586		113,534		32,052
Educational media		25,683		59,019		45,888		13,131
General Administration:								
Board of education		58,851		75,801		68,754		7,047
Executive administration		141,306		170,964		163,508		7,456
School Administration:		02 204		102.074		101.046		3 0 1 0
Office of the principal		92,284		103,864		101,046		2,818
Title I program administration Business:		3,750		3,000		3,000		
Fiscal services		68,095		163,460		138,130		25,330
Operation and maintenance of plant		220,546		269,481		250,660		25,550 18,821
Pupil transportation		122,069		133,364		108,408		24,956
Food services		1,508		8,058		7,785		273
Central:		1,500		0,050		1,105		215
Staff services		500		600		524		76
Cocurricular Activities:		000		000		021		10
Male activities		27,258		29,826		20,509		9,317
Female activities		24,191		35,203		31,930		3,273
Combined activities		12,719		19,549		17,157		2,392
Transportation		1,787		3,937		2,417		1,520
Total cocurricular activites		65,955		88,515		72,013		16,502
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,939,620		2,372,829		2,194,124		178,705
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures						944,202		944,202
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers (Out)		(102,855)		(189,131)		(80,000)		109,131
Sale of surplus property						20		20
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):		(102,855)		(189,131)		(79,980)		109,151
Net Change in Fund Balances		(102,855)		(189,131)		864,222		1,053,353
FUND BALANCE, Beginning		4,791,807		4,791,807		4,791,807		
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	4,688,952	\$	4,602,676	\$	5,656,029	\$	1,053,353
, <u>,</u>	-	, <u>,</u> -		, ,	-	, ,		, ,

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

Variance with Final Madget Positive Variance With Wadget Positive Advalue Sources: Taxes: Advaluem taxes S 154,000 S 162,000 S 170,040 S 8,040 Prior year ad valuem taxes S 154,000 S 162,000 S 170,040 S 8,040 Prior year ad valuem taxes S 154,000 S 162,000 S 170,040 S 8,040 Prior year ad valuem taxes S 154,750 178,329 172,293 (6,036) Extractional Services: Istarce industry 1,000 1,000 3,458 (2,458) Middle school 100 100 00 3,458 (2,458) Instructional services: 5,000 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Description and maintenance of plant 147,500 137,500 39,51 121,549 Student transportation services 1,800 4,800 3,841 959 F			Budgeted	Amoun	ts			
Revenue from Local Sources: S 154,000 S 162,000 S 170,040 S 8,040 Prior year ad valorem taxes 5 154,000 5 170,040 S 8,040 Prior year ad valorem taxes 750 750 536 (214) Revenue from Federal Sources:		(Driginal		Final		Fin 1	al Budget Positive
Taxes.' S 154,000 S 162,000 S 170,040 S 8,040 Prior year ad valorem taxes 750 750 556 (214) Revenue from Federal Sources:	<u>REVENUES</u>					 		
Ad valorem taxes S 154,000 S 162,000 S 170,040 S 8,040 Prior year ad valorem taxes 1,230 1,717 487 Penaltics and interest on taxes 14,349 (14,349) Revenue from Federal Sources: (14,349) (14,349) TOTAL REVENUES 154,750 178,329 172,293 (6,036) Expenditures: (14,349) (14,349) Instructional Services: (14,340) (14,349) Widdle school 100 1,000 3,458 (2,458) (2,168) Support Services: 5,000 5,000 Instructional staff: 5,000 5,000 Devenices 25,000 25,000 5,000 5,000 Operation and maintenance of plant 147,500 187,500 65,551 121,549 <	Revenue from Local Sources:							
Prior year ad valorem taxes - 1.230 1.717 487 Penalties and interest on taxes 750 750 536 (214) Revenue from Federal Sources: - 14.349 - (14.349) Unrestricted grants-in-aid - 14.349 - (14.349) TOTAL REVENUES 154.750 178.329 172.293 (6.036) EXPENDITURES 1.000 1.000 3.458 (2.458) Instructional Services: 1.000 1.000 3.458 (2.458) Support Services: 1.000 1.000 3.458 (2.458) Instructional services 5.000 69.377 979 68.398 Business 5.000 5.000 - 25.000 Operation and maintenance of plant 147.500 187.500 65.951 121.549 Student transportation services 7.000 9.200 8.893 307 Cocurricular Activities: 1.800 4.800 3.841 959 Mela extivities - 4.	Taxes:							
Penaltics and interest on taxes 750 750 536 (214) Revenue from Federal Sources: Unrestricted grants-in-aid	Ad valorem taxes	\$	154,000	\$	162,000	\$ 170,040	\$	8,040
Revenue from Federal Sources:	Prior year ad valorem taxes				1,230	1,717		487
Unrestricted grants-in-aid - 14,349 - (14,349) TOTAL REVENUES 154,750 178,329 172,293 (6,036) EXPENDITURES Instructional Services: - - (14,349) Instructional Services: - - (2,458) Middle school 100 1,000 3,458 (2,458) Support Services: - - (2,456) (2,1018) Instructional staff: - - (2,456) (2,1018) Support Services: - - 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Instructional staff: - - - 5,000 - 5,000 Operation and maintenance of plant 147,500 187,500 65,951 121,154 Male activities 1,800 4,800 3,841 959 - 25,000 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 - 26,000 3,841 159 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950	Penalties and interest on taxes		750		750	536		(214)
Unrestricted grants-in-aid - 14,349 - (14,349) TOTAL REVENUES 154,750 178,329 172,293 (6,036) EXPENDITURES Instructional Services: - - (14,349) Instructional Services: - - (2,458) Middle school 100 1,000 3,458 (2,458) Support Services: - - (2,456) (2,1018) Instructional staff: - - (2,456) (2,1018) Support Services: - - 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Instructional staff: - - - 5,000 - 5,000 Operation and maintenance of plant 147,500 187,500 65,951 121,154 Male activities 1,800 4,800 3,841 959 - 25,000 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 - 26,000 3,841 159 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950	Revenue from Federal Sources:							
EXPENDITURES Instructional Services: Elementary 1,000 1,000 3,458 (2,458) Middle school 100 100 3,240 (3,140) High school 3,550 3,550 24,568 (21,018) Support Services: Instructional staff: Educational staff: 69,377 979 68,398 Business 5,000 69,377 979 68,398 000 - 5,000 - 5,000 - 5,000 - 5,000 121,549 Student transportation services 25,000 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 121,549 Student transportation services 7,000 9,200 8,893 307 Cocurricular Activities: 1,800 4,800 3,841 959 5551 121,549 55222 188,720 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>14,349</td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td>(14,349)</td>	-				14,349	 		(14,349)
Instructional Services: Elementary 1,000 1,000 3,458 (2,458) Middle school 100 100 3,240 (3,140) High school 3,550 3,550 24,568 (21,018) Support Services: Instructional staff: Educational media 5,000 69,377 979 68,398 Business 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 - 5,000 Operation and maintenance of plant 147,500 187,500 65,951 121,549 Student transportation services 25,000 2,000 - 25,000 Internal services 7,000 9,200 8,893 307 Cocurricular Activities: - 4,000 3,841 959 Female activities 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 Expenditures (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL EXPENDITURES - 54,937	TOTAL REVENUES		154,750		178,329	 172,293		(6,036)
Elementary 1.000 1.000 3.458 (2,458) Middle school 100 100 3.240 (3,140) High school 3,550 3,550 24,568 (21,018) Support Services: Instructional staff: Educational media 5,000 69,377 979 68,398 Business 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Operation and maintenance of plant 147,500 187,500 65,951 121,549 Student transportation services 25,000 - 25,000 121,549 Student transportation services 7,000 9,200 8,893 307 Courricular Activities: 1,800 4,800 3,841 959 59 59 59 59 50 509,527 114,771 194,756 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 07 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 1 - 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 131	<u>EXPENDITURES</u>							
Middle school 100 100 3,240 (3,140) High school 3,550 3,550 24,568 (21,018) Support Services: Instructional staff:	Instructional Services:							
High school 3,550 3,550 24,568 (21,018) Support Services: Instructional staff:	Elementary		1,000		1,000	3,458		(2,458)
Support Services: Instructional staff: Educational media 5,000 Business 5,000 Operation and maintenance of plant 147,500 147,500 187,500 Student transportation services 25,000 25,000 25,000 Internal services 7,000 9,200 8,893 Male activities: 1,800 Male activities 1,800 4,800 3,841 959 Female activities TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 Expenditures (41,200) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - Transfer in 41,200 Compensation for loss of general capital assets - - 54,937 66,350 01,11413 107AL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 Net Change in Fund Balances - - - - 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912 -	Middle school		100		100	3,240		(3,140)
Instructional staff: 5,000 69,377 979 68,398 Business 5,000 5,000 - 5,000 Operation and maintenance of plant 147,500 187,500 65,951 121,549 Student transportation services 25,000 25,000 - 25,000 Internal services 7,000 9,200 8,893 307 Cocurricular Activities: - 4,000 3,841 959 Female activities 1,800 4,800 3,841 159 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 76,261 - (76,261) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 131,198 66,350 (64,848) Net Change in Fund Balances - - - 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912 44	8		3,550		3,550	24,568		(21,018)
Educational media 5,000 69,377 979 68,398 Business 5,000 5,000 5,000 Operation and maintenance of plant 147,500 187,500 65,951 121,549 Student transportation services 25,000 25,000 25,000 Internal services 7,000 9,200 8,893 307 Cocurricular Activities: 4,000 3,841 959 Female activities 1,800 4,800 3,841 159 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 76,261 (76,261) Compensation for loss of general capital assets 54,937 66,350 (14,48) Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 123,872	Support Services:							
Business 5,000 5,000 5,000 Operation and maintenance of plant 147,500 187,500 65,951 121,549 Student transportation services 25,000 25,000 25,000 Internal services 7,000 9,200 8,893 307 Cocurricular Activities: 4,000 3,841 959 Female activities 1,800 4,800 3,841 159 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 76,261 (76,261) Compensation for loss of general capital assets 54,937 66,350 (14,48) Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912 123,872 <td>Instructional staff:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Instructional staff:							
Operation and maintenance of plant 147,500 187,500 65,951 121,549 Student transportation services 25,000 25,000 25,000 Internal services 7,000 9,200 8,893 307 Cocurricular Activities: 4,000 3,841 959 Female activities 1,800 4,800 3,841 159 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 76,261 (76,261) Net Change in Fund Balances - 123,872 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912 - 123,872	Educational media		5,000		69,377	979		68,398
Student transportation services 25,000 25,000 25,000 Internal services 7,000 9,200 8,893 307 Cocurricular Activities: Male activities 1,800 4,800 3,841 959 Female activities 1,800 4,800 3,841 159 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 131,198 66,350 (64,848) Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912 448,912			,		· · · · · ·			,
Internal services 7,000 9,200 8,893 307 Cocurricular Activities: Male activities 1,800 4,800 3,841 959 Female activities 4,000 3,841 159 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in Compensation for loss of general capital assets 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 131,198 66,350 (64,848) Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912					187,500	65,951		· · · ·
Cocurricular Activities: 1,800 4,800 3,841 959 Female activities 4,000 3,841 159 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (41,200) 76,261 (76,261) Transfer in 41,200 76,261 (76,261) Compensation for loss of general capital assets 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 131,198 66,350 (64,848) Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912	A		· · · · · ·		,			,
Male activities 1,800 4,800 3,841 959 Female activities 4,000 3,841 159 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 131,198 66,350 (64,848) Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912	Internal services		7,000		9,200	8,893		307
Female activities 4,000 3,841 159 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (76,261) (76,261) Compensation for loss of general capital assets 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 131,198 66,350 (64,848) Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912	Cocurricular Activities:							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 195,950 309,527 114,771 194,756 Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in Compensation for loss of general capital assets 41,200 76,261 (76,261) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 76,261 (76,261) Net Change in Fund Balances 54,937 66,350 (64,848) Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912	Male activities		1,800		4,800	3,841		959
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (76,261) (76,261) Compensation for loss of general capital assets 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 131,198 66,350 (64,848) Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912	Female activities				4,000	3,841		159
Expenditures (41,200) (131,198) 57,522 188,720 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in 41,200 76,261 (76,261) Compensation for loss of general capital assets 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 131,198 66,350 (64,848) Net Change in Fund Balances - 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912 -	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		195,950		309,527	 114,771		194,756
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in Compensation for loss of general capital assets 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 131,198 66,350 Net Change in Fund Balances FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912 448,912	Excess of Revenue Over (Under)							
Transfer in Compensation for loss of general capital assets 41,200 76,261 (76,261) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 131,198 66,350 (64,848) Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912 448,912	Expenditures		(41,200)		(131,198)	 57,522		188,720
Compensation for loss of general capital assets 54,937 66,350 11,413 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 131,198 66,350 (64,848) Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 41,200 131,198 66,350 (64,848) Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912	Transfer in		41,200		76,261			(76,261)
Net Change in Fund Balances 123,872 123,872 FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912	Compensation for loss of general capital assets				54,937	 66,350		11,413
FUND BALANCE, Beginning 448,912 448,912	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		41,200		131,198	 66,350		(64,848)
	Net Change in Fund Balances					123,872		123,872
FUND BALANCE, Ending \$ 448,912 \$ 448,912 \$ 572,784 \$ 123,872			/			 <i>.</i>		
	FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$	448,912	\$	448,912	\$ 572,784	\$	123,872

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS JUNE 30, 2019

	1	Budgeted Amounts						
REVENUES	Origin	ıal		Final		Actual Amounts		ance with l Budget ositive egative)
Revenue from Local Sources:								
Taxes:	e -	2 100	¢	01 100	¢	100.073	¢	0.073
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 7	3,100	\$	91,100	\$	100,063	\$	8,963
Prior years' ad valorem taxes				650		788		138
Penalties and interest on taxes		350		435		293		(142)
Revenue from State Sources:								
Restricted grants-in-aid	2	5,000		25,500		20,291		(5,209)
Revenue from Federal Sources:								
Unrestriceted gants-in-aid	1	0,000		31,000		30,876		(124)
Restricted grants-in-aid		0,000		26,345		33,415		7,070
TOTAL REVENUES		8,450		175,030		185,726		10,696
EXPENDITURES								
Instructional Services:								
Programs for special education	13	8,105		176,925		172,824		4,101
Support Services:								
Psychological		6,000		11,300		11,209		91
Speech pathology	3	3,000		80,425		44,132		36,293
Student therapy services	1	3,000		19,250		19,204		46
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19	0,105		287,900		247,369		40,531
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(6	51,655)		(112,870)		(61,643)		51,227
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfer in	6	1,655		112,870		75,000		(37,870)
Net Change in Fund Balance						13,357		13,357
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	1	2,404		12,404		12,404		
FUND BALANCE, Ending		2,404	\$	12,404	\$	25,761	\$	13,357
, U				,	-	,		,

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present capital outlay expenditures within each function while the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds present capital outlay expenditures as a separate function.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year, the School Board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the School Board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the School Board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except Trust and Agency funds.
- 6. After adoption by the School Board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted except as indicated in number (8).
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the School Board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets when monies are available to increase legal spending authority.
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school Board.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds. Generally accepted accounting principles prescribe that budgetary information be presented for the General Fund and major special revenue funds of the District.

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	().05306100%	0.04722430%	0.07222900%	0.0669089%	0.0550174%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$	(1,243)	\$ (4,286)	\$ 243,982	\$ (283,780)	\$ (396,378)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,108,683	\$ 961,453	\$ 1,279,573	\$ 1,344,535	\$ 963,121
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		(0.11%)	(0.45%)	19.07%	(21.11%)	(41.16%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		100.02%	100.10%	96.89%	104.10%	107.30%

*GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

**The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2019	2018	2017		2016		2015
Contractually-required contribution	\$ 67,083	\$ 65,803	\$ 57,687	\$	79,500	\$	80,894
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	 67,083	 65,803	 57,687		79,500		80,894
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,118,046	\$ 1,108,683	\$ 961,453	\$ 1	,279,573	\$ 1	,344,535
Contributions as a percentage of employee-covered payroll	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	(6.21%	(5.02%

*GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OELRICHS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23-3 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2019

		PASS-THROUGH	
	FEDERAL	ENTITY	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	IDENTIFYING	FEDERAL
PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	NUMBER	NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of the Interior:			
Mineral Leasing (Note 2)	15.277		\$ 19,508
Payments in Lieu of Taxes (Note 2)	15.226		26,218
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			45,726
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Pass through Fall River County:			
Schools and Roads - Grants to Counties (Note 2)	10.666		3,971
Child Nutirtion Cluster			
Pass through the S.D. Department of Education:			
Non Cash Assistance (Commodities):			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	NSLP-17-139	6,385
Cash Assistance:			
School Breakfast Program (Note 2)	10.553		25,081
National School Lunch Program (Note 2)	10.555	NSLP-17-139	57,941
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			89,407
Pass through the S.D. Department of Education:			
Team Nutrition Grants	10.579		5,584
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582		2,555
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			101,517
U.S. Department of Education:			
Pass through the S.D. Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A170041	160,133
School Improvement Grants	84.377		140,248
Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367		12,716
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	-	1,152
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	H027A15091	33,415
Total Special Education Cluster			33,415
Direct Programs			
Impact Aid	84.041		767,876
Title VII - Indian Education	84.060 84.367	-	24,284
Supporting Effective Instruction	84.30/	-	15,179
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,155,003
GRAND TOTAL			\$ 1,302,246

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Federal reimbursements are not based up specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reproted here represen tcash received rather than federal expenditures.

Note 3: Federal Reimbursement

The District did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.